

Past simple vs Past continuous – used to/would

Use

We use the **past simple** for:

- an action that happened at a **definite time** (stated or implied) in the **past**.
Tom moved to Glasgow a year ago. (time stated)
He got a job in a big law firm there. (time implied)
- actions that happened **immediately one after the other**. *Tim woke up, had his breakfast and got ready for work.*
- **habits and states** which are **finished**.
Sam spent his summer holidays in Greece when he was younger.
- a past action which **won't take place again**.
Shakespeare wrote many plays. (He's now dead. He won't be writing any more.)

We use the **past continuous**:

- for an action which was **in progress at a stated time** in the past. We don't mention when the action started or finished. *Jon was studying for his Maths exam on Sunday evening.*
- for two or more **simultaneous actions** in the past.
Sam was surfing the Net while he was talking on the phone.
- for an action which was **in progress when another action interrupted it**. We use the past continuous for the action in progress (the longer action) and the past simple for the action which interrupted it (the shorter action). *Alex was having a bath when the phone rang.*
- to describe the **atmosphere, setting, etc** and to **give background information to a story**. *It was a cold winter's day. The children were sitting by the fire, while their mum was reading a story.*

when/while/as + past continuous

(longer action in progress)

When/While/As she was watching TV, the power went out.
(was watching TV is a longer action than went out.)

when + past simple

(shorter action which interrupts the action in progress)

Bob was surfing the Net when the lights went off.
(went off is a shorter action than was surfing.)

1 Look at the pictures (A-F) and underline all the verbs.

- What tense are they? How do we form the affirmative, negative and interrogative of these tenses?
- Which of the uses of these tenses does each verb show?

2 Write the *past simple* of the verbs in the list in the correct box.

- move • try • travel • stay • stop • plan
- rescue • cry • destroy • worry • play
- control • survive • slip • model • enjoy
- quarrel • change • chop • carry

-e + d	<i>moved,</i>
double consonant + -ed
consonant + y → -ied
vowel + -y + -ed
verbs ending in -l → -led

3 Put the verbs in the *past simple* and write them under the correct heading. Then read them aloud.

- sound • watch • recover • miss • enjoy
- damage • erupt • want • walk • demand
- wash • finish • warn • cause • save • help
- shout • relax • dance • appear • accept
- move • count • clean

/ɪd/	/t/	/d/
<i>sounded</i>	<i>watched</i>	<i>recovered</i>
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