Comparisons

Adjectives

What weighs less than a feather but is harder to hold?





	Positive	Comparative	Superlative	Irregular Forms		
short	tall	tall er	the tall est	Positive	Comparative	Superlative
adjectives	long	long er	the long est	little	less	the least
adjectives	busy	bus ier	the bus iest	much/many/a lot of good bad far	more	the most
ending in -y	happy	happ ier	the happ iest		better	the best
longer adjectives	beautiful	more beautiful	the most the beautiful		worse farther/further	the worst the farthest/furthest

Form

- With one-syllable and two-syllable adjectives, we form the comparative by adding -er, and the superlative by adding -est. quick – quicker – quickest
- With adjectives of more than two syllables, we form the comparative with more, and the superlative with the most. beautiful – more beautiful – the most beautiful
- With some two-syllable adjectives, such as friendly, clever, narrow, gentle etc we form the comparative either with -er or with more, and the superlative either with -est or with most. clever – cleverer – cleverest or clever – more clever – most clever

Spelling

- To one-syllable adjectives ending in -e, we add -r in the comparative, and -st in the superlative. *large larger largest*
- To one-syllable adjectives ending in a vowel + consonant, we double the last consonant and add -er/-est. big - bigger - biggest
- To two-syllable adjectives ending in -y, we drop the -y and add -ier/-iest. heavy – heavier – heaviest

Use

- We use the **comparative** to compare one person, animal, thing, place, etc with another. We normally use **than** with the comparative. *A squirrel is smaller than a tiger.*
- We use the **superlative** to compare one person, animal, thing, place, etc with more than one person, animal, thing, place etc in the same group. *A mouse is the smallest of all.*
- We use the ... of/in with the superlative. Lee is the smartest of all. Bob is the smartest boy in the class.
 We use in with the superlative when we talk about places. Mt Everest is the tallest mountain in the world.
 (NOT: of the world)

Note:

- very + adjective The dolphins are very clever.
- much + comparative form of adjective A horse is much taller than a parrot.
- (not) as + adjective + as A lion is not as fast as a cheetah.