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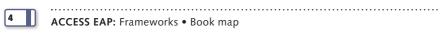
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| | Unit themes | Functions | Texts | Academic language |
|----|--|--|---|--|
| 1 | Starting points Section 1 New places and new faces Section 2 Making contact and first impressions Section 3 Nouns and noun phrases Section 4 Academic writing Section 5 An introductory lecture | introduction to functions stating purpose and method defining and classifying | Reading: university websites; student e-mails; a student assignment; textbook contents Listening: conversations; an ecology lecture | purpose statements prepositional phrases types of nouns noun phrases academic style positive and negative words for viewpoint |
| 2 | Looking backwards and forwards Section 1 Reviewing Section 2 Coaching Section 3 Reporting Section 4 Reporting ideas from sources Section 5 Writing clearly and logically | reviewingreportingevaluating | Reading: report writing guidelines; a research report Listening: tutorial discussions | two-part questions reporting tenses reporting verbs |
| 3 | Key concepts and tools Section 1 The concept of autonomy Section 2 Tools for researching vocabulary Section 3 Key concepts and tools Section 4 From metaphors to models Section 5 Concepts and tools that cross disciplines | defining explaining | Reading: dictionary entries; concordance lines; textbooks; lecture handouts Listening: instructions for using concordancers; a lecture on mathematical models | types of definition and purposes structure of definitions: an X is a Y that; an X is a Y for verb + ing / to + verb synonyms and acronyms |
| 4 | Resources for research Section 1 Exploring the concept of research Section 2 Tools for searching online Section 3 Reviewing the language of comparison and contrast Section 4 Surveying sources Section 5 Using abstracts to select and compare sources | comparing contrasting evaluating | Reading: a list of references; a set of abstracts Listening: a seminar introducing research; a talk on searching online databases | metaphors for research noun phrases in titles grammar patterns for comparison and contrast |
| 5 | Speaking for yourself Section 1 Learning from experience Section 2 Setting the right tone for enthusiasm and agreement Section 3 Telling problem stories Section 4 Setting the right tone for listing and new information Section 5 Setting the right tone for familiar and contrasting information | classifying explaining problems and solutions making recommendations | Reading: case studies of problems; job interview guidelines Listening: a discussion about working overseas | positive and negative words for problems and solutions: too, not enough modals in the past word and sentence stress key intonation patterns emphasizers and emphatic do |
| 6 | Cultures and systems Section 1 Crossing cultures Section 2 Negotiating the system: brick walls and gatekeepers Section 3 Setting the right tone for negotiating the system Section 4 Presenting a case for change: Part 1 Section 5 Presenting a case for change: Part 2 | explaining causes and effects explaining problems and evaluating solutions negotiating | Reading: a textbook; Internet sources; a lecturer's webpage and e-mail; case studies Listening: staff-student negotiations; a committee meeting | metaphors for cross-cultural communication comparatives positive and negative words for evaluating sources too + adjective strategic language for diplomacy, assertiveness sentence stress |
| 7 | Academic integrity Section 1 Understanding ethical thinking Section 2 A lecture on ethics Section 3 What is scholarship? Section 4 An academic misconduct hearing Section 5 Discussing ethical case studies | making ethical decisions expressing probability describing procedures | Reading: a lecture handout; a 'cheat' website; a student code of conduct; a Turnitin® report; ethical case studies Listening: a lecture on ethics; an academic misconduct hearing | If clause + result clause + tense choice The more the more tenses to show viewpoint |
| 8 | Critical reading and academic argument Section 1 A point of view Section 2 Reasonable scepticism: how to be a critical reader Section 3 Writer's voice: reasonable persuasion Section 4 Arguing from sources: assignments Section 5 Arguing from data | arguing persuading evaluating arguments | Reading: a textbook; Internet sources; published data; student writing Listening: an argument about data | strengthening: clearly, obviously hedging: some, possibly, may distancing: a widespread view evaluating: primitive, failed emphasizers and highlighters: only, over, particularly numerical comparison: four times |
| 9 | Evidence from research Section 1 Communicating research transparently: where is the evidence? Section 2 Research across the disciplines: what counts as evidence? Section 3 Evaluating research: how good is the evidence? Section 4 The role of the literature review: linking theory to research design Section 5 Critical reading of a research paper | linking evidence to claims evaluating evidence and the methods that produced it communicating research | Reading: newspaper articles; research papers; student projects Listening: a lecture on research approaches; a focus group discussion | research terms: cohort, control, conditions, variables informal register for research quality: reliable, robust, significant, elegant reporting claims: as predicted, it is well known |
| 10 | Entering university Section 1 Assessing readiness for university study Section 2 Teamwork in group projects Section 3 Reflection for assessment | arguing and persuading evaluating comparing solving problems | Reading: extracts from CEFR; table comparing SELTs; FAQs from test website; SELT and subject exam questions; group project briefs; a student peer review and self-reflection | exam questions and instructions describing team roles and team skills: delegate, adaptive, facilitator self-reflection: perceptions, complemented, insights |







| Writing and speaking | Academic competence | Thinking critically |
|--|---|---|
| Writing: e-mails; an exam answer; redrafting in academic style Speaking: word stress | explore expectations of students and universities develop awareness of writer's purpose and intended reader prepare for a lecture listen and make notes effectively | interpret a general statement by selecting specific examples evaluate e-mails and other texts – guess, speculate and justify answers |
| Writing: a tutorial record form; an e-mail to a lecturer; reporting ideas from sources Speaking: advice about study | set, implement and review goals record key information use general to specific and familiar to new principles to structure texts understand moves in texts | evaluate performance set SMART objectives compare report formats and purposes understand a writer's viewpoint |
| Writing: definitions and explanations; summaries from a textbook and a lecture; a definition of a concept in your field Speaking: short presentations of concepts | understand autonomy identify moves in an explanation check vocabulary using a concordance tool practise strategies to find information in a book tolerate uncertainty about difficult concepts in a lecture | distinguish definitions from descriptions infer implicit definitions identify writer's purpose in defining evaluate your own learning approach relate general concepts to your own examples |
| Writing: answers to FAQs; an e-mail; a comparison of online search tools; a summary from notes Speaking: an oral summary | understand the purpose of library research use keyword searching compare familiar with new concepts categorize sources use abstracts to preview articles | identify types of research explore the limits of a metaphor evaluate online search tools identify general and specific research titles identify the purpose of abstracts link concepts to your own experience |
| Writing: guidelines for working overseas Speaking: problem narratives; responding effectively in discussions; contrasting, listing and giving examples orally; suggesting alternative solutions; advice on working in your country; a presentation | analyze problems and solutions acknowledge and respond to the ideas of others identify learning outcomes research and plan for a written assignment | infer the impact of experiences evaluate solutions infer the causes of problems apply job interview criteria |
| Writing: e-mails; a personal statement for a funding proposal; an article for a student newsletter; meeting minutes; a report Speaking: negotiation role plays; a meeting | take a stance and negotiate follow the writing process understand roles and responsibilities within the university system follow conventions for meetings | evaluate sources for specific purposes analyze problems and solutions compare negotiating conventions across cultures evaluate negotiations and contributions to a meeting |
| Writing: advice on cultural differences; an e-mail about cheating; a formal letter; a case study report Speaking: discuss cultural differences; advise a student on plagiarism; a case study presentation | reflect on hypothetical situations choose levels of probability and certainty plan and adapt listening and note-taking strategies summarize accurately show viewpoint use and reference ideas from a source | relate ethical options and choices to your own experience infer lecturer's purpose evaluate a 'cheat' website find evidence for answers ask sceptical questions |
| Writing: to what extent arguments; interpretive summaries; a persuasive report of research data; a defended stance; a critical evaluation of a key concept Speaking: discussion of viewpoints – brainstorming for definitions | take a nuanced stance and defend it read sources and data critically understand assignment titles write from sources and data with an academic voice | infer viewpoints from context suggest improvements anticipate problems identify data to answer a question interpret research data |
| Writing: diagrammatic notes from a lecture; a summary of two research papers Speaking: discussions: claims and research evidence; research types and quality; experience of being an international student | understand and compare research designs classify types of research record points in a lecture and discussion formulate research questions | assess research evidence identify stance in a paper or lecture evaluate the quality of methods and results identify limitations in research draw independent conclusions from research data |
| Writing: advice about working in teams; a reflective log Speaking: negotiation in teamwork; reflective discussion | recognize university-level competence and assess current ability analyze exam questions analyze project briefs undertake autonomous, self-directed learning assess process, peers and self | evaluate type of evidence recognize limitations of SELTs identify assessment criteria assess student project reports |

ACCESS EAP: Frameworks • Book map



